Cities Outlook 2023 Deep Dive Series

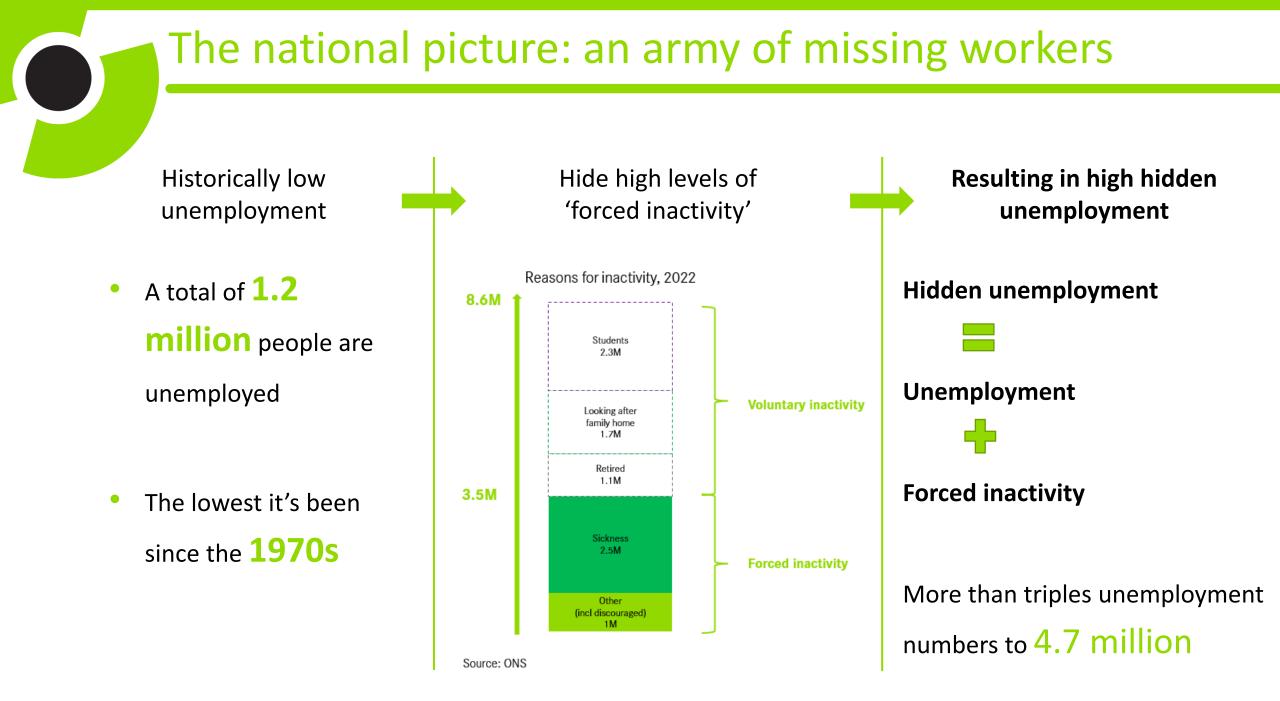
Scotland

Valentine Quinio | Centre for Cities

#CitiesOutlook2023

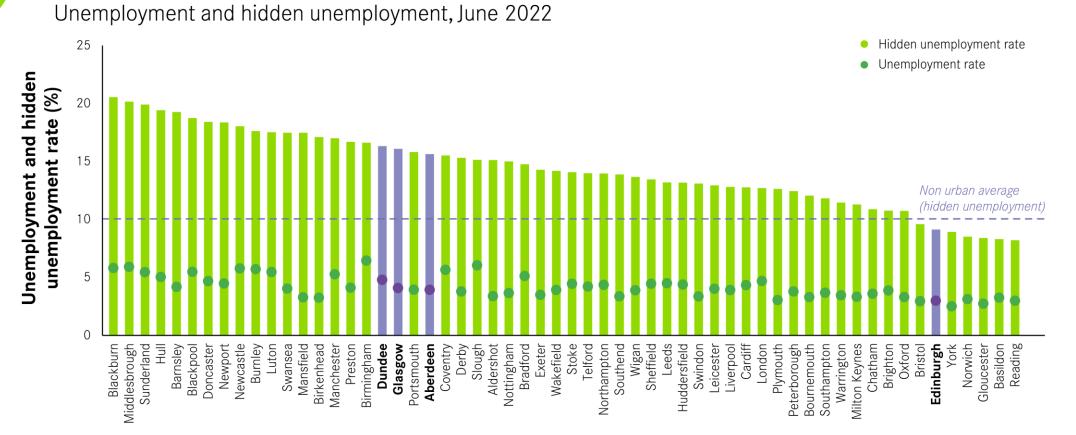
@valentinequinio @centreforcities





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The regional picture: with the exception of Edinburgh, Scottish cities have hidden unemployment relatively higher than the rest of the country

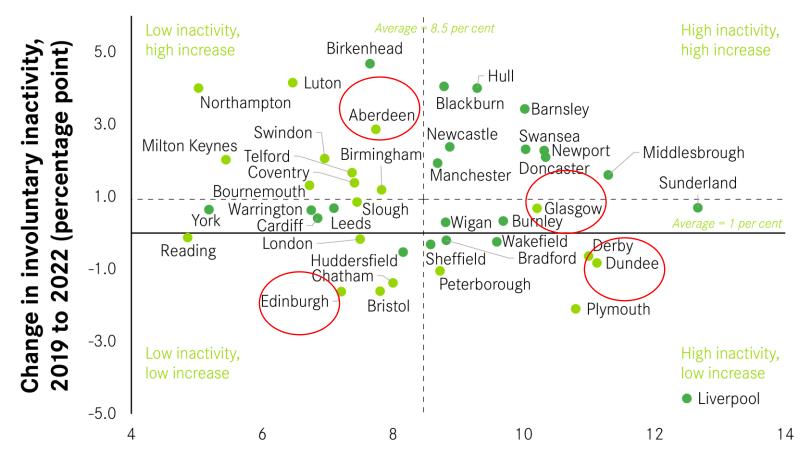


- In total, there are about 350,000 'forced inactive' and nearly 450,000 hidden unemployed across Scotland
- Including those 'forced inactive' moves the unemployment rate from 3.6% to 14.9%



Looking at changes in inactivity levels since the onset of Covid shows a complex picture across Scottish cities

Involuntary inactivity in 2019 and change to 2022

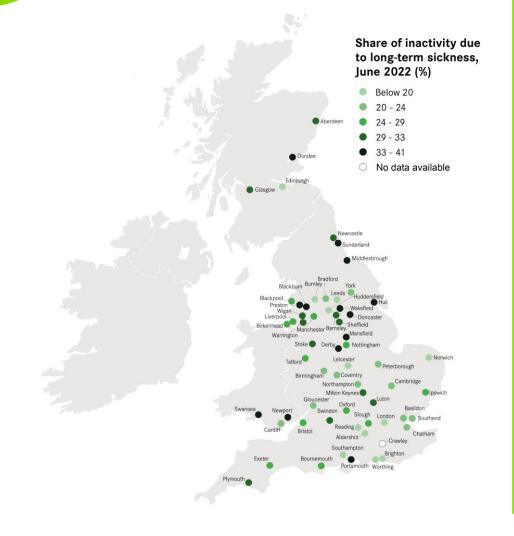


Involuntary inactivity rate, 2019 (%)

- North of England and Wales
- Rest of Great Britain

Two reasons why Scotland has relatively higher hidden unemployment levels

Poor health is more of an issue



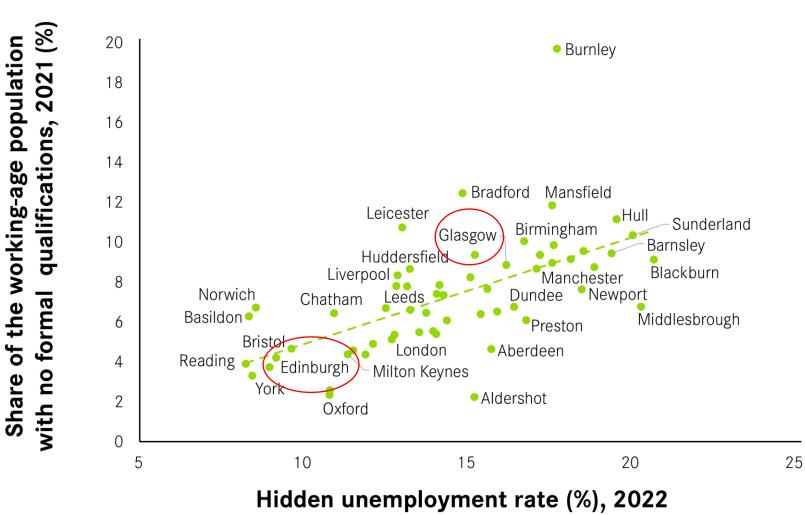
The fundamentals of the economy are weaker

8% of people have **no formal qualifications**, compared to less than **5%** across the Greater South East

10% of jobs are private-knowledge services against **19%** in the South-East

It is both a supply issue, with more low-skilled workers who are disadvantaged in the labour market

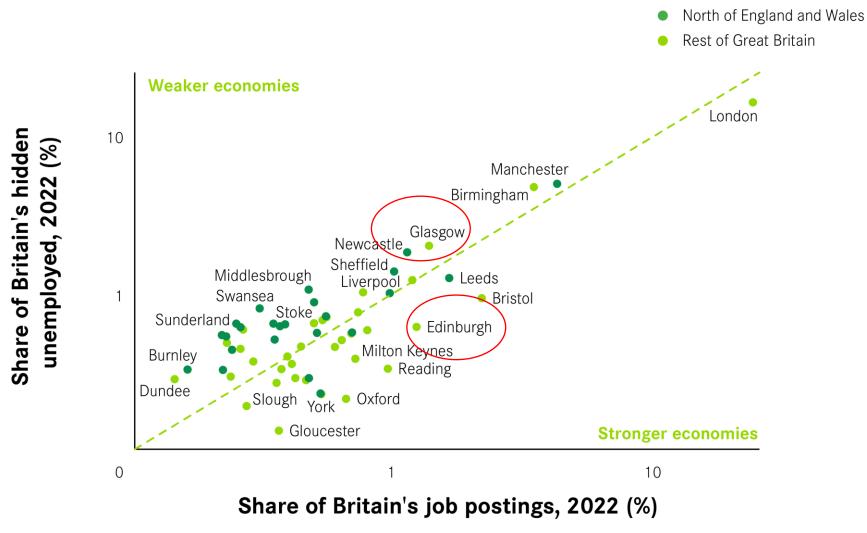
Hidden unemployment and share of low skilled workers





... and demand side issue. Cities like Glasgow and Dundee aren't facing a labour shortage, but a job shortage

Job postings and hidden unemployment





A quick word on Outlook chapter 3- Centre for Cities' annual health check of UK cities

More data on Centre for Cities' data tool

https://www.centreforcities.org/data-tool/#graph=map&city=show-all